1106A-70TG1

155.8 kWm (Gross) @ 1800 rpm

ElectropaK

1100

Series

Basic technical data

| Number of cylinders |
|---|
| Overall dimensions, ElectropaK Height |
| Moments of inertia Engine rotational components 0.27 kgm² Flywheel 1.2 kgm² |
| Centre of gravity, ElectropaK Forward from rear of block (wet) |

Performance

| Speed v | /ariation at constant load | ± 0.75% |
|------------|--|---------|
| Cyclic ir | regularity at standby power | 0.028 |
| All rating | gs within | ± 5% |
| Note: | All data based on operation to ISO 3046-1:2002 s reference conditions. | tandard |

Sound level

Average sound pressure level for prime power @ 1 m TBA dB(A)

Test conditions

| Air temperature | °C |
|---|----|
| Barometric pressure | Pa |
| Relative humidity | 5% |
| Air inlet restriction at maximum power 5 kPa (maximur | m) |
| Exhaust back pressure at maximum power 6 kPa (maximur | m) |
| Fuel temperature | °Ċ |

Note:

If the engine is to operate in ambient conditions other than those of the test conditions, suitable adjustments must be made for these changes. For full details, contact Perkins Technical Service Department.

General installation

| General installation | Units | Prime | Standby |
|--|--|--------|---------|
| Gross engine power | kW | 140.5 | 155.4 |
| Gross BMEP | kPa | 1336.2 | 1477.9 |
| Mean piston speed | metre/s | 8 | .1 |
| ElectropaK nett engine power | kW | 133.5 | 148.4 |
| Engine coolant flow (against 35 kPa restriction) | litres/min | 1 | 70 |
| Combustion air flow (at STP) | m³/min | 11.28 | 11.86 |
| Exhaust gas flow (maximum) | m³/min | 27.83 | 29.72 |
| Exhaust gas temperature (maximum) in manifold (after turbocharger) | st gas temperature (maximum) in manifold (after turbocharger) °C | | 26 |
| Nett engine thermal efficiency | % | 37.9 | 38.4 |
| Tunical representational authority (0.0nf 05°C) | kWe | 121.5 | 135 |
| Typical generator set electrical output (0.8pf 25°C) | kVA | 151.9 | 168.8 |
| Regenerative power (estimated) | kW | 7 | .0 |
| Assumed alternator efficiency | % | 9 | 91 |

Rating definitions

Prime power

Unlimited hours usage, with an average load factor of 80 percent over each 24 hour period. A 10 percent overload is available for 1 hour in every 12 hours operation.

Standby power

Limited to 500 hours annual usage, with an average load factor of 80 percent of the published Standby power rating over each 24 hour period. Up to 300 hours of annual usage may be run continuously. No overload is permitted on Standby power.

Energy balance

| Designation | Units | Prime | Standby |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|
| Heat in fuel | kW | 352 | 386.8 |
| Power to cooling fan | kW | 7.0 | |
| Power to coolant and lubricating oil | kW | 84.2 | 92.0 |
| Power to exhaust | kW | 113.6 | 124.5 |
| Power to radiation | kW | 13.7 | 14.9 |

Note: Not to be used for CHP design purposes (indicative figures only). Consult Perkins Engines Company Limited. Assumes complete combustion.

Cooling system

Radiator

| Overall weight (wet) | |
|--|--|
| Fan Diameter .558.8 mm Drive ratio .1.25:1 Number of blades .7 Material .Nylon Type .Pusher Air flow, 1800 rpm @ 200 Pa air side restriction .182 m³/min Power, 1800 rpm @ 200 Pa air side restriction .4.6 kW | |
| Coolant Total system capacity 21 litres System capacity 10% Engine capacity 9.5 litres Maximum top tank temperature 110°C Temperature rise across engine (maximum rating dependent) 6°C - 12°C Maximum permissible external system resistance 35 kPa | |

Duct allowance

Recommended coolant

Maximum additional restriction (duct allowance to cooling airflow and resultant minimum air flow) - standby power

Recommended coolant immersion heater rating (minimum)0.75 kW

..... BS6580 - 1992, ASTM D3306 and ELC coolants to 1E1966

| Description | rpm | kPa | m³/min | |
|---|------|-------|--------|--|
| Duct allowance with inhibited coolant at 50°C | | | | |
| Minimum air flow | 1800 | 0.120 | 252 | |
| Duct allowance with inhibited coolant at 46°C | | | | |
| Minimum air flow | 1800 | 0.200 | 234 | |

Electrical system

| Alternator | |
|--|---------------------|
| Alternator voltage | |
| Alternator output | |
| Starter | |
| Starter motor voltage | |
| Starter motor power | 4.2 kW |
| Number of teeth on the flywheel | 126 |
| Pull-in and hold-in current of starter motor solenoi | d |
| @ 25°C maximum (1) | 68 amps at 12 volts |
| hold-in current of starter motor solenoid | |
| @ 25°C maximum ⁽¹⁾ | 20 amps at 12 volts |
| Engine stop method | Solenoid |
| 1 All leads to rated at 10 amps minimum | |
| | |

Cold start recommendations

| | 5 to -10°C | -10 to -20°C | -20 to -25°C |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| Oil | 15W40 | 10W40 | 5W40 |
| Starter | | AZF | |
| Battery | | 2x 1200 CCA | |
| Cranking current | 960 | | |
| Aids | None | Glow | plugs |
| Minimum mean cranking speed | 130 rpm | 100 rpm | 100 rpm |

Note: Battery capacity is defined by the 20 hour rate.

lote:

If a change to a low viscosity oil is made, the cranking torque necessary at low ambient temperatures is much reduced. The starting equipment has been selected to take advantage of this. It is important to change to the appropriate multigrade oil in anticipation of operating in low ambient temperatures.

Exhaust system

| Maximum back pressure - 1800 rpm | 6.0 kPa |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| Exhaust outlet, internal diameter | 72 mm |



Fuel system

Injection components

| Injector | | |
|-------------------|--|--------|
| Fuel priming | | |
| Priming nump type | | Manual |

| Maximum priming time | . 90 seconds |
|----------------------|--------------|
| Fuel feed | |

Fuel feed

| .3 litres/min |
|---------------|
| 50 kPa |
| 50 kPa |
| 85°C |
| ± 5% |
| |

Fuel specification

Fuel standard. Various (contact Perkins Technical Department)

Fuel consumption

| Load | Type of operation and application | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Load | g/kWh | litres/hr |
| 110% Prime power | 209.7 | 38.8 |
| Prime power | 210.9 | 35.2 |
| 75% Prime power | 210.8 | 26.5 |
| 50% Prime power | 209.3 | 18.0 |
| 25% Prime power | 243.1 | 10.5 |

Induction system

Maximum air intake restriction

| Clean filter | kPa |
|-----------------|-----|
| Dirty filter | kΡa |
| Air filter type | |

Lubrication system

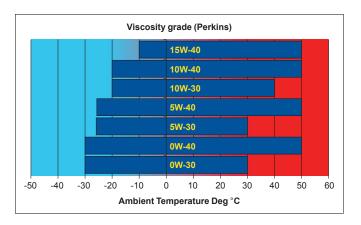
| Maximum total system oil capacity | litres |
|---|--------|
| Minimum oil capacity in sump 12.5 | litres |
| Maximum oil capacity in sump | litres |
| Maximum engine operating angles - | |
| Front up, front down, right side, left side | 25° |
| Sump drain plug tapping size | UNF |
| Shutdown switch setting (where fitted) | |

Lubricating oil

| Relief valve opening pressure | |
|--|------------|
| Pressure at maximum speed | |
| Maximum continuous oil temperature (in | rail)125°C |
| Oil consumption at full load (% of fuel) | < 0.1 |

Recommended SAE viscosity

A multigrade oil must be used which conforms to API CH4 or CI4 ACEA E5 must be used, see illustration below:



Mountings

Load acceptance

The data below complies with the requirements of classification 3 and 4 of ISO 8528-12 and G2 operating limits stated in ISO 8528-5.

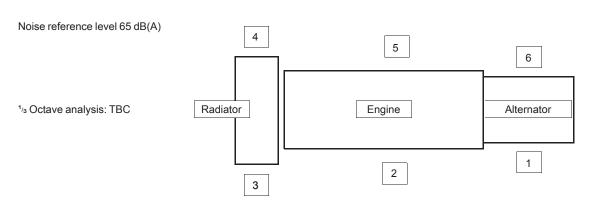
Initial load application: When engine reaches rated speed (15 seconds maximum after engine starts to crank).

| Description | Units | Cold Condition |
|-------------------------------|---------|----------------|
| % of Prime power | % | 100 |
| Load | kWe | 121.5 |
| Transient frequency deviation | % | < 10 |
| Frequency recovery time | Seconds | 1.8 |

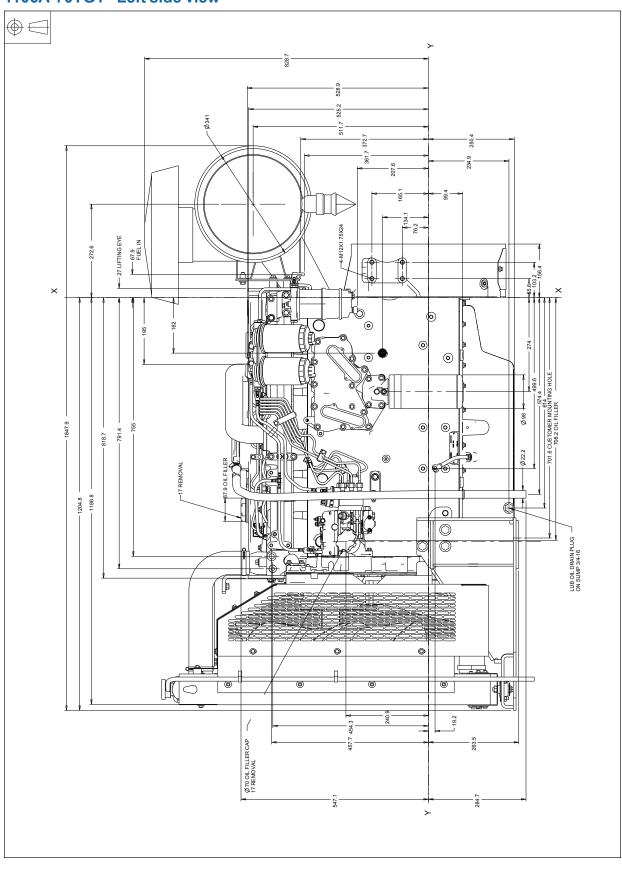
Noise data

Noise levels

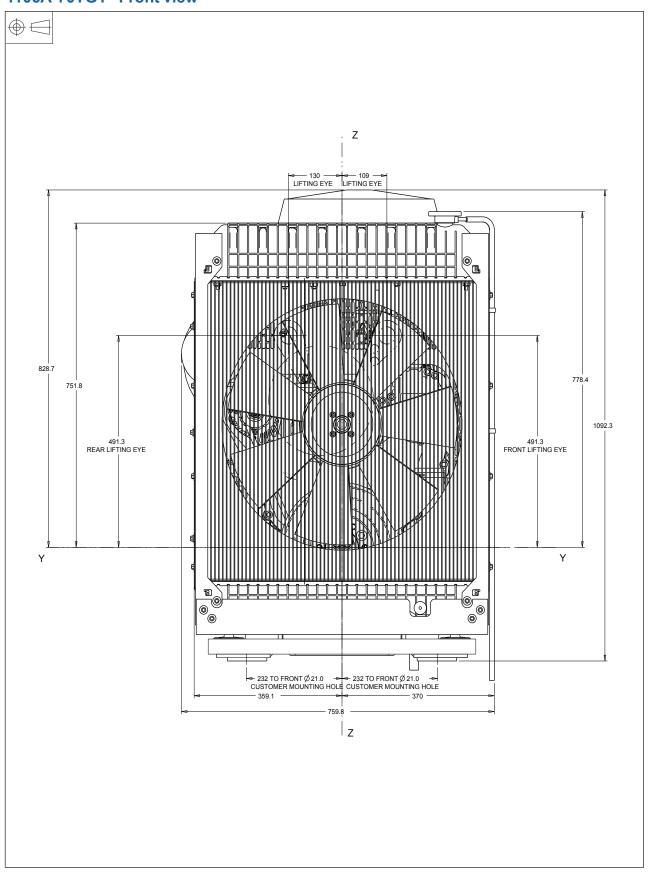
| Noise level dB(A) | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|---------|--|
| Position | Prime power | Standby | |
| 1 | 100.1 | 100.3 | |
| 2 | 97.3 | 97.2 | |
| 3 | 97.8 | 97.6 | |
| 4 | 101.3 | 101.3 | |
| 5 | 102.6 | 102.5 | |
| 6 | 99.0 | 99.0 | |



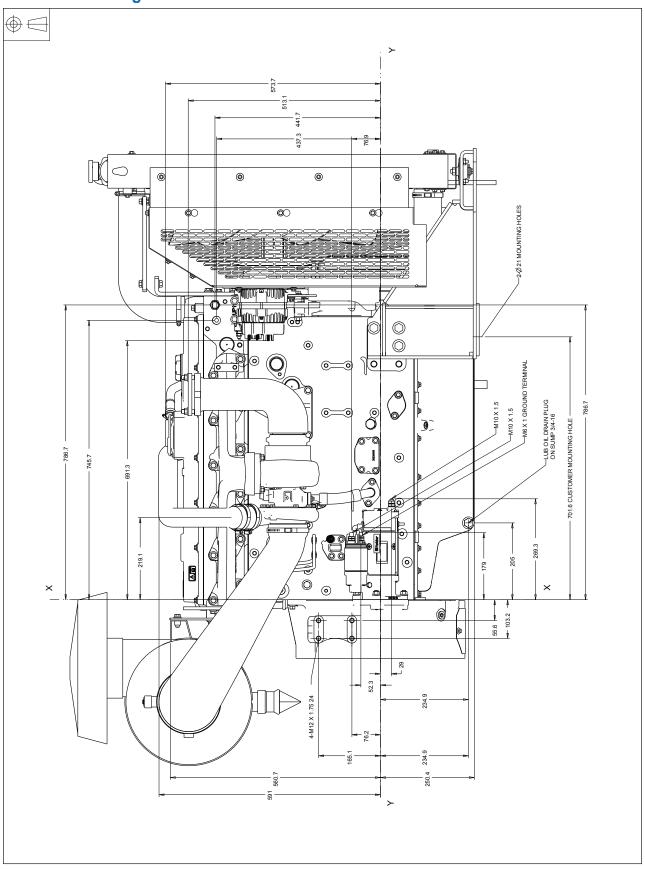
1106A-70TG1 - Left side view



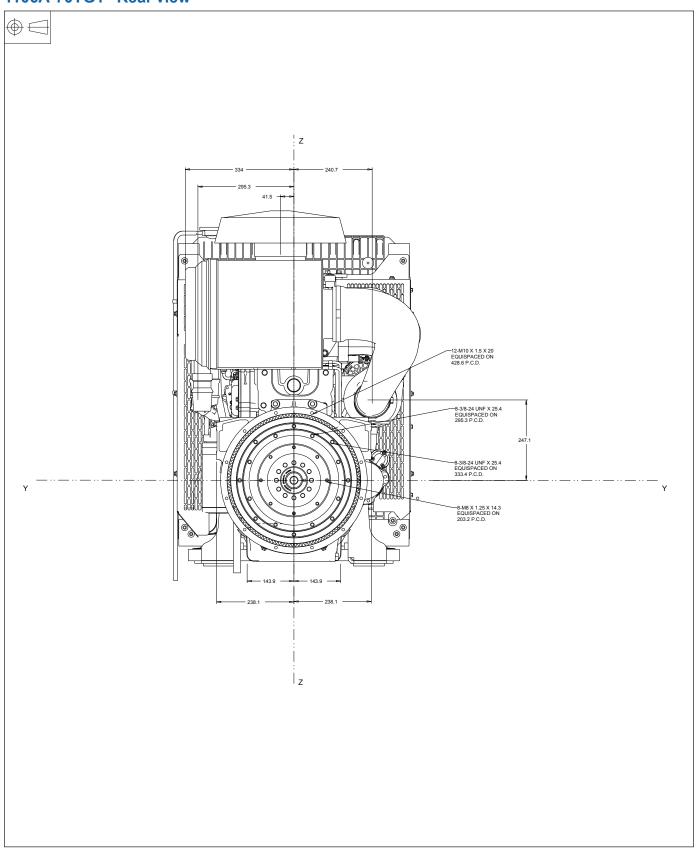
1106A-70TG1 - Front view



1106A-70TG1 - Right side view



1106A-70TG1 - Rear view



1106A-70TG1 - Plan view

